

Beacon II[™] Refrigeration Systems

H-IM-79G June 2020 Part No. 25001401

Replaces H-IM-79G (08/17)

Installation and Operation Manual

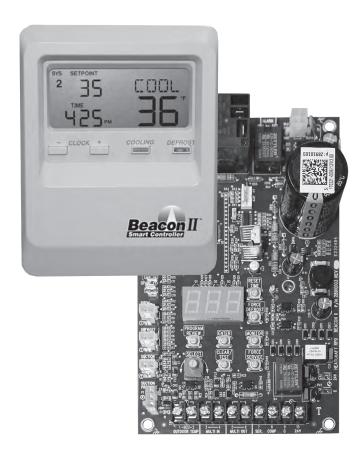




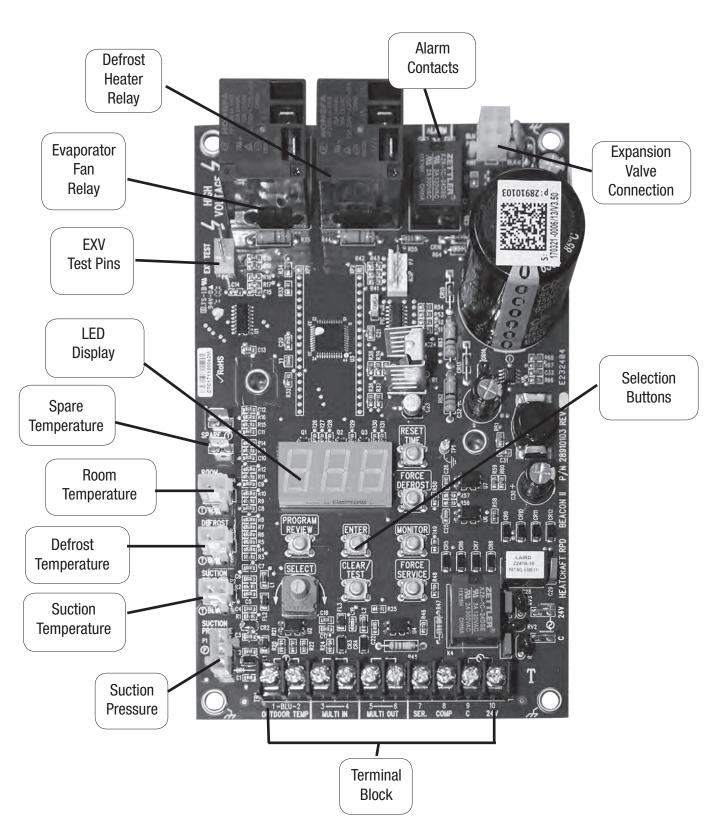
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Beacon II™ Board Layout

Beacon II™ Board





Installation Tips

- Use a minimum 18 gauge wire for all low voltage connections.
- The Beacon II board gets its 24 VAC power supply from a transformer mounted in the electrical end of each evaporator. On 208-240 volt systems, the multi-tap transformer is shipped from our factory wired for 240 volts. If your supply voltage is 208 volt, you must change to the 208 volt tap on the transformer.

NOTE: On multiple evaporators, since a transformer is in each evaporator, the voltage tap must be set on each evaporator.

- Refer to wiring schematic shipped on units for unit wiring. Schematics in this Installation & Operation Manual are typical wiring schematics only.
- Program ALL slave evaporators as SLAVES.
- Evaporators are shipped from our factory with a preset box setpoint temperature of 35°F for air defrost and -10°F for electric defrost. If your box setpoint temperature requirements are different, this must be set using directions outlined under "Box Temperature" on Page 12.
- The suction line temperature sensor MUST be removed from the suction line before brazing the suction tubing. The sensor MUST then be reinstalled on the suction line after brazing is completed and the tubing has cooled. Insulate when finished.
- The low pressure switch time delay relay, located in the condensing unit, must be set to 1 minute.
- If electrical power will be connected prior to evacuation and charging of system, unplug electric expansion valve from board until system is ready to be evacuated, leak tested and charged.
- There are built-in ground connections on the Beacon II's four corner brass spacers. Use four sheet-metal screws to mount the board on the evaporator for common-mode noise filtering. Make sure that the evaporator ground terminal is earth grounded.

- Some systems may require the crankcase heater be energized 24 hours prior to start-up. The Beacon should be de-energized for this period by placing it in the SERVICE MODE. This is done by pressing the FORCE SERVICE button twice. To start the system cooling, press the CLEAR button.
- Room sensors may be left connected on ALL evaporators. Room sensor must be connected on the Master Coil.
- A pressure transducer is installed on the evaporator. Do not leak test system above 150 PSI or damage to transducer could occur. If leak testing must be greater than 150 psig, disconnect the transducer from the suction header and reconnect after testing is complete.

Condensing Unit

The condensing unit control panel contains the relays, contactors, time delay and a terminal block which is appropriately marked to match the low voltage wiring connections. A sensor for outdoor air temperature measurement is installed on the condensing unit.

Condensing unit must be installed using proper refrigeration practices and codes. Make sure there is sufficient clearances around unit for adequate air flow and access.

Evaporator Unit

The evaporator contains the Beacon II Controller, electric expansion valve, pressure transducer, distributor, orifice, transformer and three sensors. These components are all factory mounted and wired. The three sensors are factory mounted and provide input to the controller from the following: defrost temperature, suction temperature, room temperature

Each evaporator unit must be installed using proper refrigeration practices and codes. Make sure the piping is correctly sized and properly routed. It is highly recommended that the liquid and suction lines be insulated. There must also be good clearance around unit. See H-IM-UC Installation and Operation manual for more details. (Available on website).



Refrigerant Line Brazing (Caution)

The electric expansion valve and the suction temperature sensor on the suction line are factory installed. Care must be taken when brazing these lines at the evaporator.

Too high a temperature may destroy these components. Heat absorbing compounds or "wet rags" must be used to protect the electric expansion valve when brazing the refrigerant line connections. THE SUCTION LINE SENSOR SHOULD BE REMOVED BEFORE BRAZING.

Power Supply

The Beacon II board gets its 24 VAC power supply from a transformer mounted in the electrical end of each evaporator. On 208-240 volt systems, the multi-tap transformer is shipped from our factory wired for 240 volts. If your supply voltage is 208 volt, you must change to the 208 volt tap on the transformer.

VERY IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage to the evaporator is 208 volts, the primary tap of the transformer must be moved to the 208 volt tap.

This must be done for all the evaporators on that system.

If the 24 VAC power supply falls below 18 VAC, the system may power down and shut off. When the power supply is corrected to 24 VAC, the system will restart after the four minute hold-off period and resume normal operation.

On Beacon II systems, the main power for the evaporator is supplied separately from the power supply of the condensing unit. All wiring, however, must comply with local electrical codes.

Wiring

Wiring at the unit cooler(s) will be as follows (see wiring diagrams):

- High voltage There may be high voltage on the defrost heater relay and the fan relay.
 The evaporator is connected to a separate power supply from the condensing unit.
 See unit cooler spec. plate for ampacity.
- Low voltage 24V Class II control circuit. A total of five low voltage leads are required to connect the condensing unit to the evaporator. (See wiring diagram.) Two of these leads are for connecting the outdoor temperature sensor. The other three leads are for connecting the compressor contactor service switch and 2V Common inputs.
 All 24 volt wiring must be run separate from the line voltage wiring.
- Low voltage wiring must be 18 gauge minimum. For low voltage wiring, maximum distances are:

| Condensing unit to Master evaporator | 500ft. |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Between evaporators | 500ft. |
| Smart Controller to Master evaporator | 1000ft. |

- Multiple units The multi-in and multi-out are the communication connections.
 Connection sequence must follow the multiout terminal to the multi-in terminal and the multi-out back to the multi-in terminal in a daisy chain loop.
- Alarm circuit The onboard alarm is a dry set of NC contacts which closes to indicate an alarm or loss of power. The type and wiring for the alarm is customer specified. Note that the alarm circuit does not distinguish or indicate what has caused the alarm.
- All wiring must comply with all applicable codes and ordinances.

CAUTION: All 24V wiring must be run separate from the line voltage wiring. Wires/Leads must not touch other component connection points or power wires to avoid damage to the board or its components.

NOTE: Two-Speed Fan Control (when provided). Low voltage field wiring is required between the condensing unit and unit cooler. See pages 29 and 30 for interconnecting wiring details and the unit cooler diagram for wire landing locations.



Multiple Evaporator Configuration (Master/slave)

If there are multiple evaporators on a system, the program for each SLAVE evaporator must be changed to identify it as a SLAVE. To do so, press the "**PROGRAM REVIEW**" button repeatedly until "5LR" appears then use the "**SELECT**" knob to select "YES" and press "ENTER". All Beacon II Boards are shipped with the factory default as a MASTER evaporator. Place all boards in the "**SERVICE**" mode

while you program the setpoints to avoid errors and alarms which may cause troubles at startup.

VERY IMPORTANT: This must be done for each slave board, prior to starting the system.

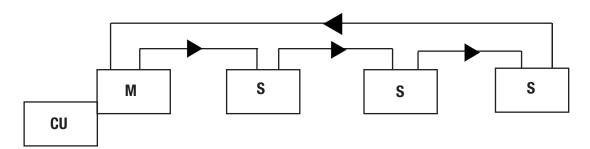




Up to 4 evaporators can be connected as a master/slave configuration.

<u>DO NOT</u> remove the room sensor from any of the Beacon II boards.

This also applies when connected to the optional Smart Controller.



M = Master Evaporator S = Slave Evaporator <math>CU = Condensing Unit

Each Beacon II board power is supplied by a transformer in the evaporator on which it is mounted. Do not run any 24 VAC wires between Beacon II boards on the evaporators.



Box Temperature Control Settings

 There is an on board room thermostat on the Beacon Il board which can be adjusted to the desired room temperature. The temperature differential is 2°F.

Temperature Differential

When a system is in the cooling mode and the box setpoint is 35°F, the system will continue to cool until the box temperature gets to 34°F. At this point, the compressor will pumpdown and shut off. The system will restart cooling when the box temperature has risen to 36°F.

It is important to note that Beacon II has a minimum 2 minute "**ON**" time and a minimum 4 minute "**OFF**" time. This means that the system will run in the cooling mode a minimum of 2 minutes even if the setpoint temperature is met. In applications where the system is grossly oversized, the box temperature could go below the differential temperature before the system cycles off.

In the "DFF" cycle the system will be off for a minimum of 4 minutes even if the box temperature goes above the differential temperature, before cooling will be restarted.

 The on board room thermostat is factory set at 35°F for Air Defrost systems and -10°F for electric defrost system.

Leak Testing

After all lines are connected, the entire system must be leak tested. The complete system should be pressurized to not more than 150 psig with refrigerant and dry nitrogen. The use of an electronic type leak detector is highly recommended because of its greater sensitivity to small leaks. As a further check, it is recommended that this pressure be held for a minimum of 12 hours and then rechecked. For a satisfactory installation, the system must be leak tight.

Refrigerant Charging

Beacon II systems are shipped standard with a head master valve (scroll compressor models have a 100 PSI head master valve. All other models have a 180 PSI head master valve). The maximum system refrigerant capacity is the receiver capacity as listed in the sales literature plus the liquid line capacity. Do not add more refrigerant to the system than 90% of the receiver capacity.



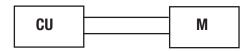
Start-Up Operation

Start-Up Operation

Single System With 1 Evaporator

- Check all wiring connections to be sure they are correct and tight.
- On the condensing unit
 - Check the setting of time delay relay.
 It should be set at 1 minute {the second marker}.
 - Check the adjustable low pressure switch setting on freezer units. Refer to H-IM-CU. On some condensing units, the low pressure switch has a fixed setting and cannot be adjusted.
- Turn power on

- On the evaporator
 - Use the "PROGRAM REVIEW" button to scroll through settings.
 - Check "¬EF" (Refrigerant Type). Factory defaults are: Air Defrost R-404A, Electric Defrost R-404A.
 Change to the refrigerant being used.
 - Check "bob" (Box Temperature). Factory defaults are: air defrost 35°F and electric defrost -10°F. Change to the desired temperature.
 - Review and change other settings if necessary
 - See procedures on pages 11-12 for how to change settings.



M = Master Evaporator

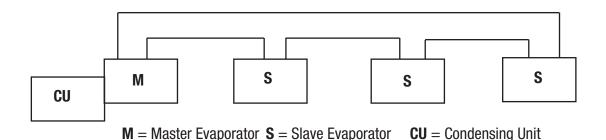
CU= Condensing unit



Single System With Multiple Evaporators

- Check all wiring connections to be sure they are correct and tight.
- On the condensing unit
 - Check the low pressure switch setting on freezer units. Refer to H-IM-CU (Available on website). On some condensing units, the low pressure switch has a fixed setting and cannot be adjusted.
- Turn power on.
- On the MASTER evaporator
 - DO NOT REMOVE the room sensor.
 - Use the "**PROGRAM REVIEW**" button to scroll through settings.
 - Check "¬EF" (Refrigerant Type). Factory defaults are: air defrost R-404A, electric defrost R-404A. Change to the refrigerant being used.
 - Check "bob" (Box Temperature). Factory defaults are: air defrost 35°F and electric defrost –10°F. Change to the desired temperature.
 - Review and change other setting if necessary.
 - See procedures on pages 11-12 on how to change settings.

- On the SLAVE evaporators.
 All Beacon II boards are shipped with the factory default as a "MASTER" evaporator.
 - DO NOT NEED TO REMOVE the Room Sensor on any evaporator.
 - Each SLAVE Evaporator must be changed to identify it as a SLAVE. Use the "PROGRAM REVIEW" button to scroll until "5₺#" appears, then use the "SELECT" knob to select "كE5" then press "ENTER."





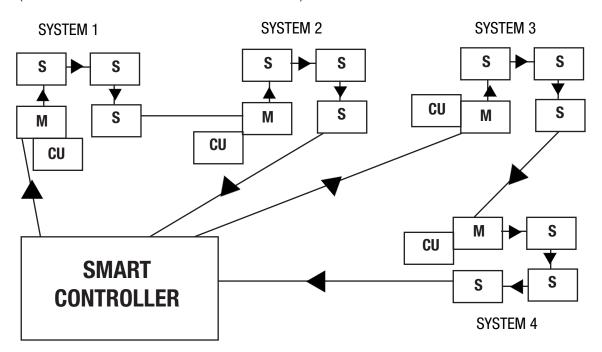
Multiple Systems With Multiple Evaporators (Requires A Smart Controller)

- Check all wiring connections to be sure they are correct and tight.
- On the condensing unit
 - Check the setting of time delay relay.
 It should be set at 1 minute {the second marker}.
 - Check the adjustable low pressure switch setting on freezer units. Refer to H-IM-CU. On some condensing units, the low pressure switch has a fixed setting and cannot be adjusted.
- Turn power on
- On the MASTER evaporator
 - DO NOT REMOVE the room sensor.
 - On the SLAVE evaporators.
 All Beacon II boards are shipped with the factory default as a "MASTER" evaporator.

- Each SLAVE evaporator must be changed to identify it as a SLAVE. Use the "PROGRAM REVIEW" button to scroll until "5LA" appears, then use the "SELECT" knob to select "4E5" then press "ENTER."
- Use the Beacon II Smart Controller to set system parameters. See Beacon II Smart Controller installation instructions for more details.

MULTIPLE SYSTEM CONNECTION

(See Smart Controller instruction manual for more details)



 $\mathbf{M} = \text{Master Evaporator } \mathbf{S} = \text{Slave Evaporator } \mathbf{CU} = \text{Condensing Unit}$



Start-Up Operation

Initial Power On

At the initial application of power to the system, the compressor and the evaporator fans will be in a 4 minute hold-off cycle and will not start immediately. When there is a call for **COOLING**, the expansion valve (EEV) opens, then the compressor is started. The compressor will then run for a minimum of 2 minutes in the "hold-on" cycle. (This means that the compressor will run for a minimum of 2 minutes before shutting off even if the box temperature is met).

The LED alternately displays **BOX TEMPERATURE** and **MODE** of operation. On a call for cooling, $dL\mathcal{G}$ will show while the expansion valve is opening. After the compressor starts the LED will alternately display **BOX TEMPERATURE** and \mathcal{L}_{DD} .

On multiple evaporator systems, the MASTER evaporator will display **BOX TEMPERATURE** and $\mathcal{L}_{\square\square}$. The SLAVE evaporators will display $\mathcal{L}_{\square\square}$ only.

When the room thermostat setting is satisfied, and if the compressor ran for at least 2 minutes, the EEV will close and the system will pumpdown and shut off. The evaporator fans will continue to run. The LED will alternately display $_{\Box}FF$ and **BOX TEMPERATURE**.

When the room sensor detects a rise in temperature of approximately 2°F, and the compressor has been off for at least 4 minutes, the EEV will open to its last position and the compressor will start. The valve is then adjusted as necessary to obtain the setpoint superheat setting. During this time, the compressor will run for a minimum 2 minutes "hold-on" cycle.

The four minute "**HOLD-OFF**" can be bypassed and the system started immediately by pressing the "**RESET**" button on the Beacon II board.

Operating Mode Display

oFF - Off

Eoo - Cooling

Pdn - Pumpdown

dEF - Defrost

לרה - Draining

러노성 - Delay

£5₺ - Test

5Er - Service



IMPORTANT NOTE:

When a board is installed and power is applied to the system, the following initialization steps should be taken for EACH BOARD in system:

- 1. Press and Hold the "ENTER" button
- 2. While continuing to hold the "ENTER" button, press and hold the "CLEAR/TEST" button. "888" will display on the LED display.
- 3. Continue to hold both "ENTER" and "CLEAR/TEST" until "EE?" displays on the LED.
- 4. Once "EE?" displays, immediately release and the press the "ENTER" again.
- 5. The board will now re-initialize and return to the normal display.

If "nch" is displayed, then the board did not properly initialize and the steps 1-5 should be re-taken.



Programming And Reviewing Settings/Changes

The **PROGRAM REVIEW** button is used to program, review and change all program settings for the system.

Press "PROGRAM REVIEW" button. The setpoint item will appear on the LED. After a few seconds delay, the Setpoint value will display. Each time the button is pressed a different setpoint item is displayed.



Next, use the "SELECT" knob to change value of setpoint item.



Next, when the desired value is selected, press the "ENTER" button to place it in program memory. If the "ENTER" button is not pressed, the value will not be stored in the memory and thus will not be changed.



"PROGRAM REVIEW" ITEMS

- #-E Set Defrost type (Air or ELE)
- rEF Set Refrigerant type (R-22, R-404A, R-507, R-407A, R-407C, R-407F, R-448A or R-449A)
- Set Box temperature (-30°F to +70°F)
- 5UP Set Superheat (4°F to 20°F)
- 5LA Set Board as a Slave (Yes or No)
- ddF Demand defrost enable (Yes or No)
- dFn Set Number of defrosts per day (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8,10 or 12 per day)
- dFF Set Defrost Fail-safe time (10 to 200 minutes)
- dFL Set Defrost End temperature (40°F to 100°F)
- dF5 Set Defrost Delay Start Time (0.5 Hours to 23.5 Hours)
- FLH Set Alarm High temperature (-40°F to 90°F)
- FLL Set Alarm Low temperature (-40°F to 90°F)
- FILE Set Alarm time (2 to 120 minutes)
- F- C Set Fahrenheit / Celsius temperature units (°F/°C)
- Fn5 Off cycle fan stir cycle enable (On or OFF)



Programming And Reviewing Settings/Changes (cont'd.)

Use the "PROGRAM REVIEW" button to select these items:



- Defrost Type "A-E" Selection is made for air defrost or electric defrost coil. This will automatically set the system factory defaults for air defrost and electric defrost. (See default settings.)
- Refrigerant Type "-EF" Selection for type of refrigerant R-22 (22), R-404A (404), R-507 (507), R-407A (47A), R-407C (47E), R-407F (47F), R448A (48A), R449A (49A).
- Box Temperature "bob" Select box temperature setpoint. Selection range is -30°F to +70° F. Defaults: Electric defrost -10°F and air defrost +35°F.
- Superheat "5UP" Evaporator superheat is controlled by the board on each evaporator. Each board measures the evaporator saturation suction temperature and the suction pressure to determine the superheat. The superheat value at the evaporator can be changed to ensure a 20°F to 30°F superheat at the Compressor.
 Default: 7°F.
- Evaporator Board: Slave? "5LR" On multiple evaporator systems, each evaporator board has to be programmed to be a Master or a Slave. Each board is shipped from our factory set as a Master. You must make this change to each Slave evaporator. A selection of "YES" is made for this setting.
 - The default for each board is a Master, so on Single Evaporator systems no change is required.
- Demand Defrost Enable "ddF" Demand defrost is available for electric defrost systems only. Selection is made to enable demand defrost by a selection of "Yes" or to not enable demand defrost by a selection of "No". If this parameter is enabled then parameters dFn and dF5 will no longer be displayed in the menu as they are no longer used. Default: electric defrost: No
- Number. of Defrost per Day "dFn" A selection must be made for the number of defrosts cycles per day – 1,2,3,4,5,6,8,10 or 12 per day. If no selection is made, defaults: electric defrost 4 per day and air defrost 2 per day.

- Defrost fail-safe "dFF" This is the maximum time allowed for a coil to remain in defrost. Defrost will be terminated if the defrost end temperature is not attained when this time has expired. On multiple evaporator systems, this is controlled by the Master unit. Each board should have the same setting.
 Defaults: electric defrost 30 minutes and air defrost 40 minutes.
 - Defrost End Temperature "dFt" This is the temperature at which the defrost will be terminated. Defaults: electric defrost +60°F and air Defrost +45°F.
 - Defrost Delay Start Time "JF5" This allows the delay of the start of the first defrost. Default: 0.0 hours.
 - Alarm High Temperature "ALH" Temperature at which a high box temperature alarm will be triggered. This does not apply during defrost. Defaults: electric defrost +5°F and air defrost +50°F.
 - Alarm Low Temperature "ALL" Temperature at which a Low Box Temperature alarm will be triggered. Defaults: Electric Defrost -15°F and Air Defrost +30°F.
 - Alarm Time "ALL" Time which High Temperature or Low Temperature condition must exceed before alarm is triggered. Default: 60 minutes.
 - °F/°C "F-C" Select units to display temperature.
 Fahrenheit or Celsius. Default: Fahrenheit. When °C is selected, a red dot will appear in the right bottom corner of the LED display of the Heatcraft Quick Response Controller board.
 - Off cycle fan stir cycle enable "Fn5" This allows evaporator fan stir cycling in the off cycle utilizing a fixed stir cycle timing of 7 minutes on and 5 minutes off. Selection is made to enable off cycle stir cycling by a selection of "Dn" or to not enable off cycle stir cycling by a selection of "DFF". Defaults: electric defrost off and air defrost off





Use the "MONITOR" button to review these items: SUP Superheat (°F/°C) E5P Expansion valve steps (0 to 255 steps) SEE - Suction temperature (°F/°C) 55E - Saturated Suction temperature (°F/°C) SCP Suction pressure at Evaporator (PSIG/HG) Odb - Outdoor temperature (°F/°C) dFL Defrost sensor temperature (°F/°C) dF5 Time left until next defrost (hours) (on version 1.8 boards) dFE Last Defrost Elapsed time (minutes) AE **Board Voltage** SPE Spare Temperature reading rEL - Software release program

Use this button to "FORCE DEFROST". To force a defrost, press the "FORCE DEFROST" button. The system will pumpdown. The heaters are then turned on. The display will show "JEF" and room temp.



Use this button to "RESET TIME". Pressing this button will reset the time clock in the microprocessor to zero. At initial power up, pressing this button will bypass the "four minute" hold-off and the system will start immediately after the expansion valve opens. This display will show "dLy".



Use this button to **"FORCE SERVICE"**. Pressing this button TWICE will cause the system to pumpdown. The system will remain off until the **"CLEAR"** button is pressed. While in the **"FORCE SERVICE"**, the LED display will only show **"**5Er".





Programming And Reviewing Settings/ Changes (Cont'd.)

Use this button to "CLEAR/TEST". Pressing this button ONCE will return the LED display to the default display. With the system in the OFF mode, pressing and holding this button will start the "TEST" mode. In the "TEST" mode, it will cycle through each output for 10 seconds. The display will only show "£5£" during "TEST" mode. Test mode will automatically terminate after 3 sequences.

Locking The Heatcraft Quick Response



Controller Board

The Heatcraft Quick Response Controller board is lockable to prevent programmed setting changes by unauthorized personnel. When locked, the program setpoints cannot be changed.

To **lock** the setting:

- Press "PROGRAM REVIEW" button.
- Press and hold "MONITOR" button.
- While holding "MONITOR" button, press "ENTER" button.
- The LED will display Loc.

This will prevent unauthorized personnel program changes. To **unlock**, repeat steps above. LED will display "LoL".

STATUS INDICATOR LED

A RED, three-digit, alphanumeric LED on the Heatcraft Quick Response Controller board indicates status, alarms and error codes.



| OFF All Evaporators | Box Temp / oFF | Box Temperature/ Mode is displayed |
|--|---|--|
| COOLING Single Evaporator- Multiple Evaporators Master Evap - Slave Evaps - | Box Temp / Coo Box Temp / Coo Coo | Box Temperature/ Mode is displayed Box Temperature/ Mode is displayed Operating Mode is displayed |
| Pumpdown All Evaporators | Pdn | |
| • DEFROST All Evaporators | dEF | |
| • TEST All Evaporators | £5£ | |
| • SERVICE All Evaporators | SEr | |
| • ALARMS | 8 S 8 S 8 S | High Box Temp Low Box temp System Start-up failure Compressor pumps down and tries to restart after 4 minutes. |
| | ЯЧ | Input Fault Box Temp., Suction Temp., Pressure Transducer open or not installed |



Status Indicator LED

| STATUS INDICATO | OR LED |
|-----------------|---|
| • ERRORS | E I - Room temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed E 2 - Defrost temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed E 3 - Suction temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed E 4 - Suction pressure transducer shorted, open or not installed E 5 - Outdoor temperature sensor shorted E 6 - Low superheat during cooling E 7 - Compressor shutdown {high or low refrigerant pressure or low oil pressure} E 9 - Multi-in/Multi-out wiring error |
| • OTHERS | Lac - Board is locked. Settings cannot be changed |

Low Ambient Operation

All units are shipped standard with head master valves. (Scroll compressor units have a 100 PSI head master valve and all other systems have a 180 PSI head master valve.) Condensing units with multiple condenser fans will have one or more fans cycle on pressure fan cycling switch.

An adjustable time delay relay, factory set at 1 minute, is wired across the low pressure switch (LPS). In cold ambient, this allows time for the suction pressure to build up and prevent nuisance tripping of the LPS.

When any of these two conditions occurs, the system will turn off and not restart until there is a call for cooling or a periodic pumpdown.

Pumpdown

At the end of each cooling cycle, when the box temperature is met, the Beacon II system will pump down.

To pumpdown, the EEV closes and the board displays "Pdn" until one of the following occurs:

- The low pressure switch opens
- The suction pressure at the evaporator is 4 psig
- A total of two minutes has elapsed

Periodic Pumpdown

While in the OFF cycle, if there isn't a call for cooling (Box setpoint temperature is met) but:

- The evaporator suction pressure has risen to 10 psig
- The low pressure switch has closed

The system will initiate pumpdown. This periodic pumpdown will occur at 4 minute intervals when these two conditions are met.



Service Defrost

Service Mode

A single pole, single throw switch (SPST) is supplied in each condensing unit for shutting off the system. Closing the "SERVICE" switch in the condensing unit will cause the system to pumpdown and shut off. "5Er" will be displayed on the Beacon board LED and "SERVICE" is displayed on the Smart Controller LCD display. The evaporator fan and heaters will be de-energized in the Service Mode.

The system will not restart until the SPST switch is placed in the "NORMAL" or "OFF" position.

0R

A remote "**SERVICE**" switch can be added to the Beacon II board across the " $5E_{\Gamma}$ " and "**C**" connections of the terminal block. It will operate in the same manner as the switch above.

0R

The system can be pumped down by pressing the "**SERVICE**" button twice. To restart the system, press the "**CLEAR**" button.

OR

The system can be pumpdown for service by closing the liquid line service valve in the condensing unit, then closing the suction line service valve when the system trips on the low pressure switch.

In order for air defrost evaporator fan motors to cycle off during "SERVICE" mode, the fan motors must be wired through the fan relay on the Beacon II board.

Defrost

Defrost Timing

When power is first applied to the system, its timer starts counting time. If 4 defrost are programmed, it will initiate a defrost every 6 hours from when power was first applied. Beacon II does not have a real time clock. Beacon II does provide the ability to delay the starting of the first defrost.

Defrost Delay Start Time

Example: The system is first powered up at 8:00 AM and is programmed for 4 defrost per day. The user would like the first defrost at 10:00 AM. To accomplish this, use the "PROGRAM REVIEW" button to scroll to dF5. Use the "SELECTOR" switch to select 2 hours delay start, then press "ENTER." The 1st defrost will now occur at 10:00 AM and then a defrost will occur every 6 hours thereafter.

Time Remaining Until Next Defrost

To find out how much time is left until the next defrost is scheduled, use the **"MONITOR"** button to scroll to ${}_dF5$. The time displayed will be how much time until the next scheduled defrost.

Defrost Schedule In Memory

Beacon II does not have a real time clock but it keeps track of the time that has elapsed in its memory. It also keeps in memory the number of defrosts scheduled and how much time has elapsed between defrosts. If a power failure occurs, when power is restored, Beacon II remembers how many defrosts are scheduled and it remembers how much time was left until the next defrost. It will then defrost based on this timing. So, if the power failure lasted 15 minutes, the defrost schedule will be off by 15 minutes.

Resetting Defrost Schedule

When a power interruption causes a severe lag in the defrost schedule, the defrost schedule can be reset in the following manner. First, press the reset time button on the board to zero out the internal counters. Then, program the appropriate defrost delay start time for the next desired defrost period. The defrost schedule will be correct until you have another power outage.



Defrost / Alarms

Electric Defrost Mode

When a defrost is initiated, the EEV closes, the system is allowed to pumpdown and shut off. The evaporator fans are cycled off and the defrost heaters are energized.

On multiple evaporator systems, all controllers must terminate their defrost, either on temperature or fail-safe time, before the master controller will end the defrost cycle.

There is a 2 minute condensate drain-down period after which the system is started for a refreeze period. The evaporator fan stays off (fan delay). The refreeze period will last until the evaporator suction temperature is at 28°F or 3 minutes has elapsed. After this sequence, the system is back in the refrigerating mode and evaporators fans are now running.

Air Defrost Mode

The sequence is the same as for electric defrost except that there are no heaters and the evaporator fans run continuously. If the air defrost for motors are wired through the fan relay on the board, they will remain energized during defrost mode.

Alarms

Beacon II provides a set of dry contacts for use in signaling an alarm. These contacts can be connected to a light, a buzzer, a bell etc., which will be activated when an alarm condition occurs. When the Beacon II is energized, the alarm contacts are OPENED. When an alarm condition is detected, the contacts are CLOSED.

Conditions under which the alarm contacts will close are:

- High Box Temperature LED Display:
 R I Room temperature has exceeded the Alarm High RLH value for the Alarm time RLL programmed.
- Low Box Temperature LED Display:
 □ Room temperature has dropped below the Alarm Low □LL value for the Alarm time □LL programmed

- System Start-up failure LED Display: A ∃ Compressor pumps down and tries to restart after 4 minutes. After 4 unsuccessful attempts to restart, the alarm code A ∃ is displayed. System continues trying to restart.
- Input Fault LED Display: A 4 Box Temp., Suction Temp.,
 Pressure Transducer open or not installed.
- Power failure Loss of power to the Evaporator

Alarm Codes

| A I | High Box Temp |
|-----|---|
| A 5 | Low Box Temp |
| Я 3 | System Start-up failure |
| | Compressor pumps down and tries to restart after 4 minutes |
| ЯЧ | Input Fault |
| | Box Temp., Suction Temp., Pressure Transducer open or not installed |
| | Power Failure |

Clearing Alarms

Alarms $R \mid I$ — High Box Temperature and $R \mid I$ — Low Box Temperature will clear automatically if the Box Temperature decreases or increases to below or above the Alarm setpoint temperature. Placing the system in the "**SERVICE MODE**" or turning off power will clear the $R \mid I$ Alarm. Replacing the Room Sensor, Suction Sensor or Pressure Transducer will clear the $R \mid I$ Alarm.



Error Indicator

Error Indicator LED



At initial power up, each Heatcraft Quick Response Controller board checks for system errors. The system error check involves checking the various temperature sensors to determine whether any of these sensors are shorted or open.

The system will pumpdown and cycle off and **will not restart** until the fault is cleared or the circuit breaker reset, for the following conditions:

- Suction sensor shorted, open or not installed
- Room temperature sensor shorted or not installed
- Pressure Transducer open or not installed

The system will pumpdown, cycle off and **try to restart for these faults**. Each try will be after the 4 minutes "Hold Off" period, for the following fault conditions:

- High pressure or low pressure cutout
- Oil pressure

After the fourth try, the Alarm contacts will be closed and an alarm message displayed on the LED. To clear this condition, the system should be cycled through the "SERVICE MODE" after the correction is completed.

Evaporator Fans Shut Off

In some installations, it is desirable to shut off the evaporator fans periodically. This is easily accomplished on Beacon II by wiring a single pole, single throw switch (SPST) between the terminals marked " $5E_{\Gamma}$ " and " \mathbf{C} " on the Beacon II board. Closing this switch will cause the system to pumpdown and shut off.

ERROR CODES

- E1 Room temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed
- E2 Defrost temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed
- E3 Suction temperature sensor shorted, open or not installed
- E4 Suction pressure transducer shorted, open or not installed
- E5 Outdoor temperature sensor shorted
- E6 Low superheat
- E7 Compressor shut down (high or low pressure switch open or oil pressure switch open)
- E9 Multi-in/multi-out wiring error

Air Defrost fan motors must be wired through the fan relay on the Beacon II board for this to be effective on Air Defrost systems. The entire system will be shut off and remain off until the SPST switch is opened.



Checking Operation of Expansion Valve

Checking Operation Of Expansion Valve (EEV)

To check if the expansion valve is closing properly:

Install a pressure gauge-set to suction line at the condensing unit. With the system running, close the valve on the liquid line, at the condensing unit. The system should pumpdown and shut off on the low pressure switch (LPS). If the system does not pumpdown and trip on the LPS, then the compressor valves are weak and needs to be changed.

After the system pumps-down and trip on the LPS, put the system in the service mode. This will cause the expansion valve to close. Open the valve on the liquid line, at the condensing unit. The suction pressure reading on the gauge set should not increase. If the suction pressure increases then the expansion valve is leaking and should be changed.

The expansion valve position can be monitored from the LED display pressing the "**MONITOR**" button and scrolling to ESP. This will indicate the number of steps the valve is open.

This can also be checked by using the EXV test pins on the board. This is indicated by a 0 to 5 volts DC signal. At 0 volts the valve is closed and at 5 volts the valve is fully open. At values between 0 and 5 volts, the valve will be opened proportionately.

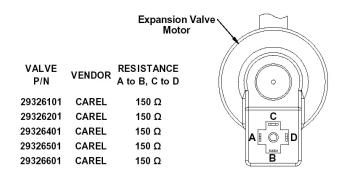
Use the "MONITOR" button to display "5EP" Evaporator Suction Pressure. Record the pressure displayed. Start the system and observe the pressure displayed. If the pressure does not increase, the expansion valve could be defective.

If the system is running, use the "MONITOR" button to display "5£P" Evaporator Suction Pressure. Record the pressure displayed. While the system is running, press the "FORCE SERVICE" button. Observe the pressure while the system is pumping down. The pressure should decrease. If it does not, this indicates a defective valve.

Expansion Valve Motor Winding Resistance

If the expansion valve is suspected of not functioning properly, the motor windings resistance should be measured. This is a bipolar motor with two windings. Measure the resistance at the pins, on top of the valve, between locations A and B or C and D.

(Note that the pins are not labeled A, B, C, D. This labeling is just for reference).



Resistance reading at 150 Ω at 75° F

"C" is largest spade

CAREL VALVE

Measuring resistance between locations A and C or B and D will always show "Open" because these locations are between the motor windings.

When the valve is opening or closing, the voltage measured between A and B or C and D should be between 20 to 22 VAC.

Measuring the DC volt of the EXV TEST pins, on the board, will also

indicate if the expansion valve is open or close. 0 volts DC indicates the valve is closed. 5 volts DC indicates the valve is fully open. A value between 0 and 5 volts indicates how much the valve is open or close.



Power Failures

Power Failures

In the event of a power failure, Beacon II will automatically close the expansion valve to prevent refrigerant from migrating throughout the system. After power returns, with 24 VAC at the board, the system will restart in the cooling mode after the four-minute hold off period.

Spare Sensor Terminals

Beacon II provides a set of input terminals for customers who may want to monitor an additional temperature or items such as Product Temperature. This input terminal requires a signal from a thermistor which meets the temperature/resistance values in Table 1 on page 21.

If a product temperature simulator is used, it must meet the resistance/temperature specification listed in Table 1. The temperature range for this input is -30° F to 140° F. Sensors on the Beacon II system, as supplied, will not simulate product temperature.

This input can be monitored on the LED display by using the "MONITOR" button and scrolling to 5PE. The values displayed will be the temperature of the spare sensor.

Checking Sensors

DO NOT REMOVE SENSORS FROM EVAPORATORS FOR CHECKING.

Use the monitor button to display the value the sensors are reading on the LED (suction temperature $5\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}$, defrost temperature \mathcal{AFE} , or room temperature). Compare this value to the measured value with a thermometer at each of these points. If they do not match, change the sensor.

0R

The sensors can be checked for their proper operation by placing it in a cup of ice water. Stir the ice water and measure the resistance of the sensor. At 32°F the resistance should be 32,650 ohms. If it is higher or lower by 1,000 ohms approximately, the sensor should be replaced.



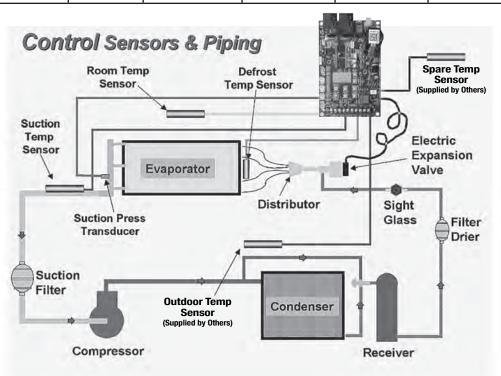
System Defaults

Table 1. Resistance/Temperature Specification

| Temperature °F | 0hms | Temperature °F | 0hms |
|----------------|--------|----------------|---------|
| 104 | 5,320 | 32 | 32,650 |
| 86 | 8,060 | 23 | 42,330 |
| 77 | 10,000 | 14 | 55,330 |
| 68 | 12,490 | 5 | 72,950 |
| 59 | 15,710 | -4 | 97,070 |
| 50 | 19,900 | -13 | 130,410 |
| 41 | 25,400 | -22 | 176,960 |

Table 2. System Defaults

| iabic 2. Oystoin bolaun | | 2931010 | 3 (Blue) | 29310101 (Green) | | |
|---------------------------|------|---------|--------------|------------------|----------|--|
| PARAMETERS | CODE | AIR | AIR ELECTRIC | | ELECTRIC | |
| Refrigerant | rEF | R-404A | R-404A | R-22 | R-404A | |
| Box Temperature | bot | 35°F | -10°F | 35°F | -10°F | |
| Superheat | SUP | 7°F | 7°F | 8°F | 8°F | |
| Slave Evaporator | SLR | No | No | No | No | |
| Demand Defrost Enable | ddF | N/A | Off | N/A | N/A | |
| No. of Defrost per Day | dFn | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | |
| Defrost Fail-safe time | dFF | 40 min. | 30 min. | 40 min. | 30 min. | |
| Defrost End Temperature | dFt | 45°F | 60°F | 45°F | 60°F | |
| Defrost Delay Start Time | dF5 | 0 hrs. | 0 hrs. | 0 hrs. | 0 hrs. | |
| Alarm High Temperature | ALH | 50°F | 5°F | 50°F | 5°F | |
| Alarm Low Temperature | ALL | 30°F | -15°F 30°F | | -15°F | |
| Alarm Time | ALE | 60 min. | 60 min. | 60 min. | 60 min. | |
| Temperature Units | F-[| °F | °F | °F | °F | |
| Evaporator Fan Stir Cycle | Fn5 | Off | Off | N/A | N/A | |





Back Compatibility

In order to accommodate updates in technology and in industry, new Beacon II part numbers were created to handle a number of enhancements. For Beacon II, the updated boards are Blue to conveniently identify the new part.

The "NEW" part numbers listed below will serve as service parts for any "OLD" part numbers in the event a replacement part is needed. The Table and notes below highlight key differences between the OLD and NEW parts.

| | Supported Parameters: | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | OLD | NEW | | | |
| Part Numbers: | 28910101 | 28910103 | | | |
| Part Description: | Beacon II (Green) | Beacon II (Blue) | | | |
| R-22 | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| R-404A | √ | ✓ | | | |
| R-507 | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| R-407A | - | ✓ | | | |
| R-407C | - | ✓ | | | |
| R-407F | - | ✓ | | | |
| R-448A | ı | ✓ | | | |
| R-449A | - | ✓ | | | |
| Demand Defrost | - | ✓ | | | |
| Evap Fan Cycling | - | √ | | | |

NOTES:

1. When using a new Beacon II Controller 28910103 with other boards in a system, the new Beacon II will poll each board in the system to identify all board firmware versions. Parameters will then only be displayed if the parameters are supported on ALL boards in that system. For example, If a new board (28910103) is set to be the Master with an old board (28910101) as Slave on the same system, then only refrigerants available on the old board will be selectable on the new board.



InterLink Replacement Parts List

Replacement Parts by InterLINK



InterLink is your link to a complete line of dependable and certified commercial refrigeration parts, accessories and innovative electronic controls for all Heatcraft Refrigeration Products (HRP) brands - including Bohn, Larkin, Climate Control and Chandler. At InterLink, we provide our wholesalers with a comprehensive selection of product solutions and innovative technologies for the installed customer base. Every product is built to ensure the same high performance standards with which all HRP brands are built — backed by a dedicated team to serve every customer need, delivering at the best lead times in the industry.

Visit www.interlinkparts.com or call (800) 686-7278 for more information.

Table 3. InterLink Replacement Parts List

| PART DESCRIPTION | PART NUMBER |
|--|--|
| Beacon II Control Board (Green)-OBSOLETE | 28910101 |
| **Beacon II Control Board (Blue) | 28910103 |
| *Temperature Sensor kit – White Leads | 89904902 |
| Transformers: 120/24 volt – 40 VA 240/24 volt – 40 VA 460/24 volt – 40 VA 575/24 volt – 40 VA | 22529601 22529602 22529603 22529701 |
| Low Pressure Switch Time Delay Relay | 22536801 |
| Electric Expansion Valve E2V11BWAE0 - 3/8" x 3/8" Conn E2V24BWAE0 - 3/8" x 3/8" Conn E2V24BSME0 - 5/8" X 5/8" Conn E3V45BSME0 - 7/8" X 1 3/8" Conn E2V11BWAE0 - 7/8" X 1 3/8" Conn Expansion Valve molded connector - 40" Conn (Bipolar Valves) | 29326101 29326201 29326401 29326501 29326601 |
| Pressure Transducer | 28911201 |
| Pressure Transducer Harness | 22515101 |

^{*}Only the sensor with white leads is shipped as a service replacement part

Table 4. Operational Limits

| OPERATIONAL LIMITS | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Voltage Range 18 VAC to 30 VAC | | | | | |
| Controlling Box Temp. Range | -30°F to 70°F | | | | |
| Temperature Differential | 2°F | | | | |
| Cold Ambient Limits | Start & operate to -20°F | | | | |

^{** 28910103 (}Blue) can serve as a service replacement part for 28910101 (Green)



Expansion Valve Capacity

Table 5. Evaporator Temperatures

| | R-22 Evaporator Temperature (°F) 100 psi Pressure Drop | | | | Ev | aporator Te | /R-507 mperature (° essure Drop | °F) |
|-------------|--|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| | +20 -20 | | | +2 | 20 | -2 | 0 | |
| PART NUMBER | TONS | втин | TONS | втин | TONS | втин | TONS | втин |
| 29326101 | 0.44 | 5220 | 0.41 | 4920 | 0.73 | 8706 | 0.64 | 7692 |
| 29326201 | 4.25 | 51000 | 3.99 | 47900 | 3.11 | 37309 | 2.75 | 32966 |
| 29326401 | 7.52 | 90240 | 7.54 | 90480 | 4.66 | 55964 | 4.12 | 49449 |
| 29326501 | 15.4 | 181680 | 14.25 | 171000 | 10.89 | 130692 | 9.62 | 115480 |
| 29326601 | 22.18 | 266160 | 20.87 | 250440 | 16.08 | 192985 | 14.21 | 170521 |

| | Ev | aporator Te | 07A mperature (' essure Drop | °F) | Ev | aporator Te | 07C mperature (' essure Drop | °F) |
|-------------|-------|-------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| | + | +20 -20 | | | +2 | 20 | -2 | 0 |
| PART NUMBER | TONS | ВТИН | TONS | втин | TONS | ВТИН | TONS | ВТИН |
| 29326101 | 0.99 | 11831 | 0.90 | 10808 | 1.07 | 12898 | 0.99 | 11862 |
| 29326201 | 4.23 | 50704 | 3.86 | 4632 | 4.61 | 55278 | 4.24 | 50839 |
| 29326401 | 6.34 | 76056 | 5.79 | 69481 | 6.91 | 82918 | 6.35 | 76258 |
| 29326501 | 14.80 | 177615 | 13.52 | 162259 | 16.14 | 193641 | 14.84 | 178087 |
| 29326601 | 21.86 | 262273 | 19.97 | 239597 | 23.83 | 285937 | 21.91 | 262970 |

| | R-407F Evaporator Temperature (°F) 100 psi Pressure Drop | | | Ev | R-4 aporator Tei 100 psi Pre | _ | °F) | |
|-------------|--|--------|-------|--------|------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| | + | -20 | -2 | 20 | +2 | 20 | -2 | 0 |
| PART NUMBER | TONS | ВТИН | TONS | втин | TONS | ВТИН | TONS | ВТИН |
| 29326101 | 1.09 | 13067 | 1.01 | 12093 | 1.51 | 18106 | 1.38 | 16568 |
| 29326201 | 4.67 | 56000 | 4.32 | 51831 | 6.47 | 77599 | 5.92 | 71005 |
| 29326401 | 7.00 | 84000 | 6.48 | 77746 | 9.70 | 116398 | 8.88 | 106508 |
| 29326501 | 16.35 | 196168 | 15.13 | 181562 | 22.65 | 271829 | 20.73 | 248731 |
| 29326601 | 24.14 | 289669 | 22.34 | 268100 | 33.45 | 401392 | 30.61 | 367286 |

| | R-449A Evaporator Temperature (°F) 100 psi Pressure Drop +20 -20 | | | | |
|-------------|--|--------|-------|--------|--|
| | | | | | |
| PART NUMBER | TONS | BTUH | TONS | ВТИН | |
| 29326101 | 1.01 | 12124 | 0.92 | 11082 | |
| 29326201 | 4.33 | 51965 | 3.96 | 47499 | |
| 29326401 | 6.50 | 77946 | 5.94 | 71249 | |
| 29326501 | 15.17 | 182030 | 13.87 | 166388 | |
| 29326601 | 22.40 | 268793 | 20.47 | 245695 | |



Beacon II Troubleshooting Guide

| PROBLEM | Step | ACTION ITEM | IF OK | IF NOT OK | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--|
| LED is not lit. | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. | Check Primary Power Supply Disconnect Check Voltage to Evaporator Transformer Check Transformer Secondary Output Volts Check Voltage at Control Board (24V and C) Replace Control Board | Go to next step | | |
| LED shows Coo, but compressor will not run. | 1. 2. 3. | Check Compressor internal overloads Check Compressor Contactor Coil Voltage Check Compressor Contactor "pulled in" | Go to next step | Wait for reset Check internal condensing unit wiring Replace as needed | |
| ERROR CODES: E1 Room Sensor E2 Defrost Sensor E3 Suction Sensor E4 Suction Transducer E5 Outdoor Sensor | | Check Sensor and Board Connection Check Sensor and Board Connection Check Sensor and Board Connection Check Transducer and Board Connection Check Sensor, wiring and Board Connection | | Replace as needed Replace as needed Replace as needed Replace as needed Replace or remove | |
| E6 Low Superheat During Cooling (0°F for 2 minutes) | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. | Check Refrigerant Type Check coil for ice Check Control Board step position from board LED Check Electric Expansion Valve Closure Compressor Not Operating Check Suction Temperature Sensor Check Suction Pressure Transducer | Go to next step | Compare board setpoint and refrigerant Defrost coil and check defrost cycle settings/ setpoints, defrost sensor and heater amps. Replace board if EEV steps not at 2. Pumpdown system see if LPS opens or if it times out (EEV is bad or LPS is set incorrectly, if times out) – See Pumpdown. Check overloads and contactor. Compare board sensor reading against actual suction line temperature. Compare pressure reading against gauges. | |

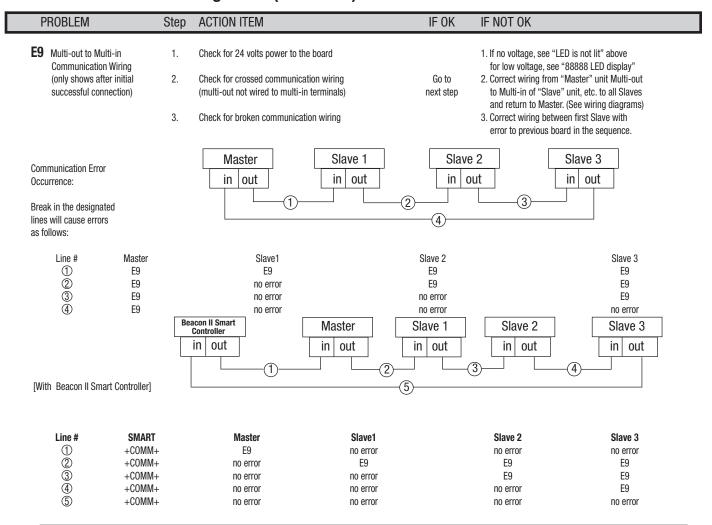


Beacon II Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

| PROBLEM | Step | ACTION ITEM | IF 0K | IF NOT OK |
|------------------|------|---|-----------|---|
| | 1. | Check wiring connection to the board | | Correct field wiring to the board |
| | 0 | Low Procesure Cofety // DC\ Triangle | | |
| | 2. | Low Pressure Safety (LPS) Tripped: | | • Change estacint to metal refrirement |
| | | Check for correct refrigerant type Check refrigerant charge | | Change setpoint to match refrigerant Add mare refrigerent to preper charge. |
| | | Check refrigerant charge Check LRS cotting | | Add more refrigerant to proper charge Correct LPS cotting |
| | | Check LPS setting Check LPS wiring | | Correct LPS setting Correct LSP wiring |
| | | Check LPS wiring Check EFV expertion (etual(2)) | | Correct LSP wiring Clean or replace EEV |
| | | Check EEV operation (stuck?) Check coil for icing | | Defrost coil (see E6, step 2) |
| 1 | | Check for correct superheat reading | | Check/replace sensor or transducer |
| | | Check for correct nozzle selection | | Replace distributor nozzle |
| 1 | | Check for clogged EEV inlet screen | | Replace EEV |
| 1 | | Check line sizing | | Correct line sizing |
| | | Check LPS time delay relay setting | | Reset to 1 minute |
| | | Check operation of LPS | | Replace Low Pressure Safety Switch |
| | 3. | High Pressure Safety (HPS) Tripped: | | |
| | | Check for system overcharge | | Reclaim/recover excess charge |
| | | Check for non-condensables | | Remove all non-condensables |
| | | Check condenser fan motor and blade | | Repair or replace motor and/or blade |
| | | Check for dirty condenser coil | | Clean condenser coil |
| | | Check head pressure controls | | Adjust or replace faulty controls |
| | | Check fan cycling controls | | Adjust or replace faulty controls |
| | | Check liquid line sizing Check for liquid line restrictions | | Correct line sizing |
| | | Check for liquid line restrictions Check energian of LIPS | | Repair line or remove restrictions Replace UPS if page control |
| | | Check operation of HPS | | Replace HPS if necessary |
| E7 Compressor —— | 4. | Oil Pressure Safety (OPS) Tripped: | | |
| Shutdown | | Check oil level in compressor | | Add oil to crankcase to minimum level |
| | | Check oil sump screen pickup | | Clean or replace pickup screen |
| | | Check oil pump pressure | | Replace compressor oil pump |
| | | Check for proper piping practices | Go to | Correct piping to minimize oil logging |
| | | Check for low superheat (see E6) Check apparting of applications relay (PC) | next step | Correct per steps in E6 Perland quillian relations |
| | | Check operation of auxiliary relay (R6) Check ODS corpor | | Replace auxiliary relay Replace foulth ORS conser. |
| | | Check OPS sensor Check operation of OPS | | Replace faulty OPS sensor Panlace faulty OPS |
| | | Check operation of OPS | | Replace faulty OPS |
| | 5. | Compressor Module Tripped (when supplied): | | |
| | | Check module | | Replace faulty module |
| | | Check superheat at compressor inlet | | Reduce superheat (TXV adjust, etc.) |
| | | Check compressor for overheating | | Correct overheating problem |
| | | Check suction pressure (too low?) | | Consider crankcase pressure regulator or other measures |
| | | | | 2. 2 |
| | 6. | Phase Loss Monitor (PLM) Tripped: | | |
| | | Check presence of all phase legs | | Correct power phase problem |
| | | Check power supply | | Correct power supply problems |
| | | Check operation of PLM | | Replace faulty PLM |
| | 7. | Demand Cooling (when supplied): | | |
| | | Check auxiliary relay | | Replace auxiliary relay |
| | | Check demand cooling device | | Replace faulty demand cooling device |
| | 8. | Check compressor relay on board | | Replace board if relay is faulty |
| | - | | | |



Beacon II Troubleshooting Guide (continued)



| PROBLEM | Step ACTION ITEM | IF OK | IF NOT OK |
|---|---|--------------------|--|
| 888 LED display (power is below 18V and appears at initial power) | Check board for proper ground on mounting screws Check Voltage to Evaporator Transformer Check Transformer Secondary Output Volts Check Voltage at Control Board (24 and C) Check Voltage at Beacon II Smart Controller | Go to next step | Replace/tighten screws Check field wiring for breaks or shorts Replace if necessary Check factory wiring and connections Check field wiring from board |
| LED displays 리보 then oFF with no displayed erros | Check board for proper grouning on mounting screws Check for low voltage Check for short in field wiring from "comp" on board to condensing unit terminal connection Replace defective contactor (holding coil) | Go to next step | Replace/tighten screws Check all steps for "888 LED display" Voltage could drop off too fast to show. Check internal factory wiring to compressor contactor. |

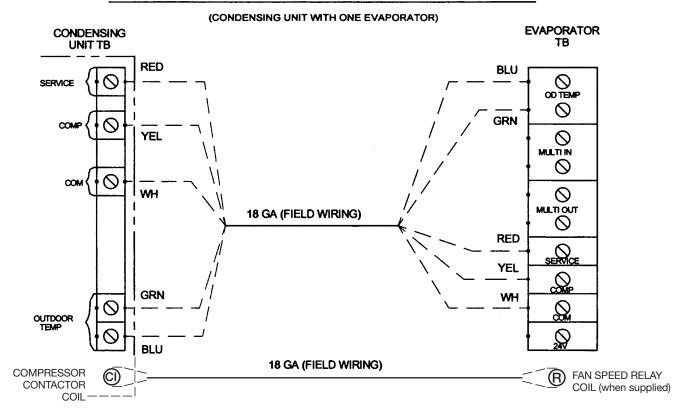


Beacon II Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

| PROBLEM | Step A | CTION ITEM | IF OK | IF NOT OK |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|--|
| | Check system ope Check system cha Check for proper of | eration: Is it running? arge operating superheat perheat and EEV wide open | | 1. Check power to condensing unit Check position of Service Mode switches Check compressor overloads and contactor 2. Add or remove refrigerant to proper charge 3. Check EEV operation Check control board EEV signal Check suction sensor and transducer 4. Check EEV inlet screen and restrictions |
| Cannot get to box temperature | 5. Check Low Presso6. Compare equipme7. Check box temper8. Check compresso | ent capacity with requirements rature setpoint | Go to next step | Check liquid line sizing Check head pressure controls 5. Check everything for E7 LPS above 6. Add or replace with more/larger equipment 7. Correct setpoint to proper value 8. Check compressor application limitations Check integrity of compressor operation |
| | 11. Check condenser12. Check for correct | for non-condensables fan operation refrigerant type | | (impaired, worn or damaged components) 9. Clean condenser coil 10. Remove all non-condensables 11. Replace/repair fan blade, motor, cycling switch or make corrective adjustments. 12. Compare board setpoint and refrigerant |
| | 13. Check for iced evants.14. Check defrost part15. Check superheat states.16. Check display value. | ameters setpoint (too high?) | | 13. Defrost coil and check defrost cycle (see E2) settings/setpoints and defrost sensor 14. Correct defrost setpoints in program (frequency and termination of defrosts) 15. Correct setpoint for more cooling surface 16. Correct setpoint for proper display values |
| Service Mode | 1. Use Remote Servi 2. Pressing "Force S 3. Connection betwee | nto SERVICE MODE 6 ONLY) ce Switch in condensing unit ervice" button board* twice en "Ser" and "C" on board* arallel; all will activate mode) urd on multiple evaporator systems | | Terminating SERVICE MODE (BOARDS ONLY) 1. Must terminate using same switch 2. Press "Clear" button on board 3. Open connection between "Ser" and "C" (Note: If multiple switches were placed in Service Mode, all must be "open" to terminate the mode.) |
| (SEr is displayed) | Use Remote Servi Connection betwee From program mer Change SERVICE s [all are wired in page 1] | n II Smart Controller) ce Switch in condensing unit en "Ser" and "C" on board* nu of Beacon II Smart Controller, etpoint to "On". arallel; any/all will activate mode.] ard on multiple evaporator systems | | (with Beacon II Smart Controller) 1. Must terminate using same switch 2. Open connection between "Ser" and "C" 3. From program menu of Beacon II Smart Controller, Change SERVICE setpoint to "Off" [Note: If multiple switches were placed in Service Mode, all must be "open" to terminate the mode.) |
| | | | | |

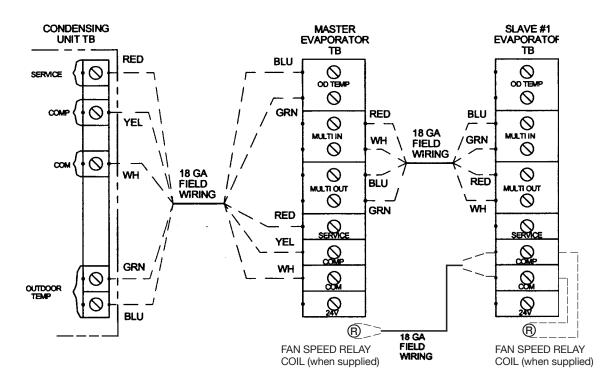
Wiring

24 VOLT CONNECTION WIRING - BEACON II



24 VOLT CONNECTION WIRING - BEACON II

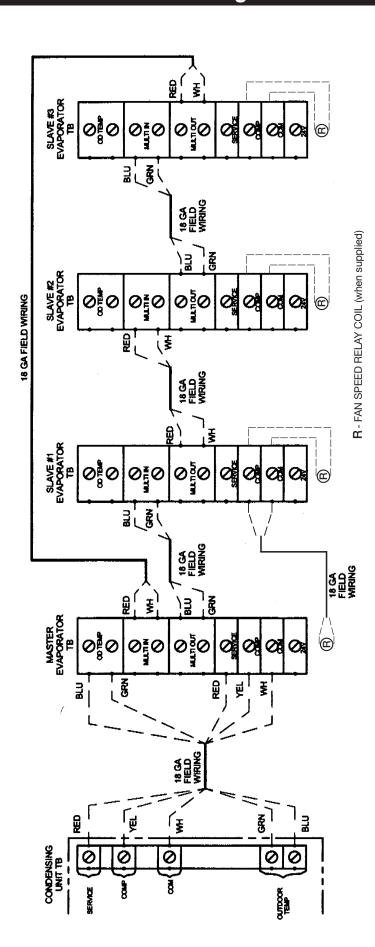
MASTER WITH ONE SLAVE CONNECTION (CONDENSING UNIT WITH TWO EVAPORATORS)





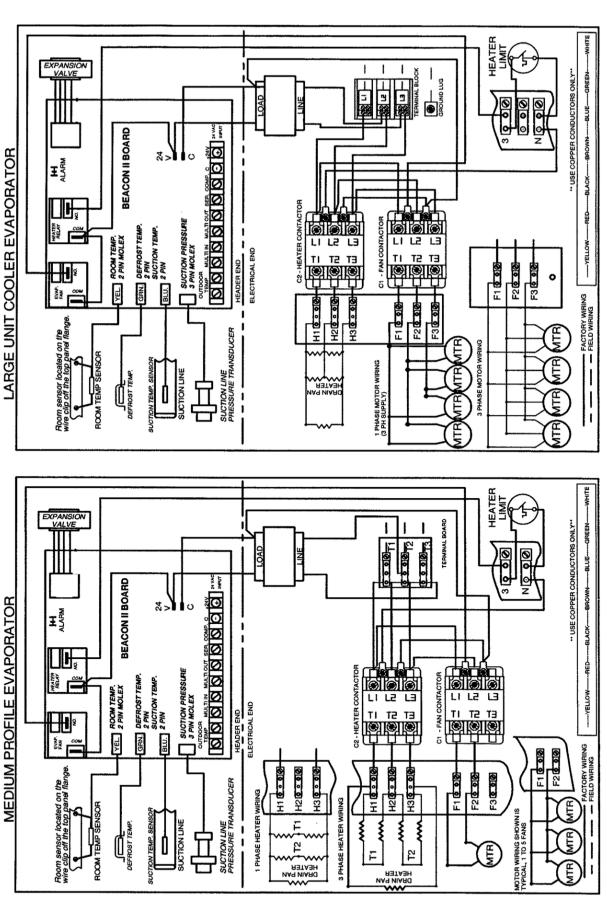
24 VOLT CONNECTION WIRING- BEACON II

MASTER WITH THREE SLAVE CONNECTION (CONDENSING UNIT WITH FOUR EVAPORATORS)







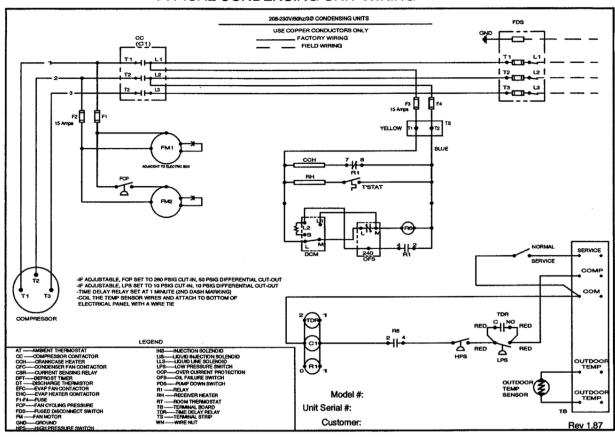


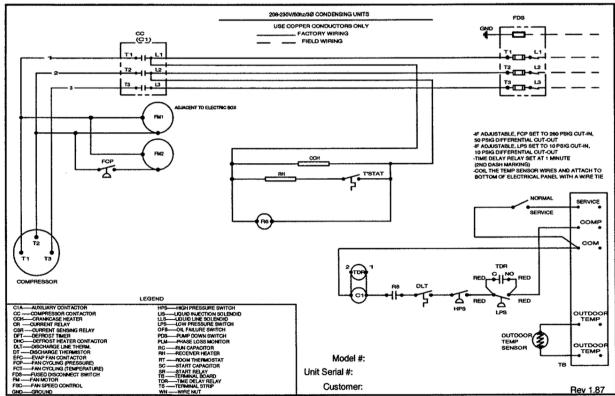
CONSULT WIRING DIAGRAM SHIPPED ON UNIT FOR ACTUAL UNIT WIRING. NOTE: THESE ARE TYPICAL EVAPORATOR WIRING DIAGRAMS.



Wiring

TYPICAL CONDENSING UNIT WIRING





NOTE: THESE ARE TYPICAL CONDENSING UNIT WIRING DIAGRAMS.
CONSULT WIRING DIAGRAM SHIPPED ON UNIT FOR ACTUAL UNIT WIRING.



Preventive Maintenance

EVAPORATORS

All evaporator units should be checked once a month or more often for proper defrosting because the amount and pattern of frosting can vary greatly. It is dependent on the coil temperature, the temperature of the room, the type of product being stored, how often new product is brought into the room and the percentage of time the door to the room is open. It may be necessary to periodically change the number of defrost cycles or adjust the duration of defrost.

CONDENSING UNITS / EVAPORATORS

Under normal usage conditions, maintenance should cover the following items at least once every 6 months:

- 1. Check and tighten ALL electrical connections
- 2. Check all wiring and insulators
- Check contactors for proper operation and for worn contact points

- 4. Check all fan motors. Tighten motor mount bolts and nuts and tighten fan set screws
- 5. Clean the condenser coil surface
- 6. Check the refrigerant and oil level in the system
- Check the operation of the control system. Make certain all safety controls are operating properly
- 8. Check that all defrost controls are functioning properly
- 9. Clean the evaporator coil surface
- Clean the drain pan and check the drain pan and drain line for proper drainage
- Check the drain line heater for proper operation, cuts and abrasions
- 12. Check and tighten all flare connections

Check-Out & Start-Up

After the installation has been completed, the following points should be covered before the system is placed in operation:

- (a) Check all electrical and refrigerant connections. Be sure they are all correct and tight.
- (b) Check voltage taps on transformer at the evaporators. The transformer is shipped wired to 240 voltage tap/ connection. If your supply voltage is 208 volt systems, change to 208 voltage tap.
- (c) Check high and low pressure controls, pressure regulating valves, oil pressure safety controls, and all other safety controls and adjust them, if necessary.
- (d) On freezers only, check the low pressure switch setting. It must be set to 0 PSIG cut out, 10 PSIG cut in, to allow start and operation, especially in cold ambients.
- (e) Liquid line should always be insulated.
- (f) Wiring diagrams, instruction bulletins, etc. attached to the condensing units should be read and filed for future reference.
- (g) All fan motors on air cooled condensers, evaporators, etc. should be checked for proper rotation. Fan motor mounts should be carefully checked for tightness and proper alignment.
- (h) Observe system pressures during charging and initial operation. Do not add oil while the system is short of refrigerant unless oil level is dangerously low.

- (i) Continue charging until system has sufficient refrigerant for proper operation. Do not overcharge. Remember that bubbles in a sight glass may be caused by a restriction as well as a shortage of refrigerant.
- (j) Do not leave unit unattended until the system has reached normal operating conditions and the oil charge has been properly adjusted to maintain the oil level at the center of the sight glass.
- (k) At initial start-up, the system may cycle off at 2 minutes and display a low superheat error, then restart itself. This cycle may be repeated a few times. Do not shut the system off. Let the system run, as it may take a few cycles for the electric expansion valve to attain the correct setting for the desired superheat.

CAUTION: Extreme care must be taken in starting compressors for the first time after system charging. At this time, all of the oil and most of the refrigerant might be in the compressor creating a condition which could cause compressor damage due to slugging. Activating the crankcase heater for 24 hours prior to start-up is recommended. If no crankcase heater is present, then directing a 500 watt heat lamp or other safe heat source on the lower shell of the compressor for approximately thirty minutes will be beneficial in eliminating this condition which might never reoccur.



Service Record

| Date of Start-up Location Address | | CONDENSING UNIT MODEL # | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| ELECTRICAL | | SERIAL# ———————————————————————————————————— | | | | |
| | e at Evaporator If 208 V, change | COOLER UNIT MODEL # | | | | |
| | oler and Freezer to the 208 V tap | SERIAL # | | | | |
| YES | NO | FREEZER UNIT | | | | |
| Check Compressor Amps for | COOLER and | MODEL# | | | | |
| FREEZER compressors. Shou | | SERIAL # | | | | |
| YES | NO | OLITICE II | | | | |
| PIPING | | SYSTEM CHECKS | | | | |
| Is suction line trapped at the | Cooler? | Check Compressor Superheat | for the | | | |
| YES | NO | COOLER (Should be between 2 | 0°F. & 30°F.) | | | |
| Is suction line trapped at the | Freezer? | YES | NO | | | |
| YES | NO | Check Compressor Superheat | for the | | | |
| DRAIN LINES | | FREEZER (Should be between 2 | 20°F. & 30°F.) | | | |
| Are drain lines sloped proper | 1y? | YES | NO | | | |
| YES | NO | Force unit into a Defrost. Check | k heater amps. | | | |
| Is drain line trapped outside | the Cooler? | Should match nameplate amps. | | | | |
| YES | NO | YES | NO | | | |
| Is drain line trapped outside | | Check Low Pressure Switch on FREEZER. Should be set at 0 | | | | |
| YES | NO | psig Cut-out/10 psig Cut-in. | | | | |
| Is heat tape wrapped along e | = | YES | NO | | | |
| the drain line in the Freezer? | | Did FREEZER and COOLER cycl | e off on LPS at Setpoint | | | |
| YES | NO | Temperature? | | | | |
| Is heat tape plugged in and h | = | YES | NO | | | |
| YES | NO | Is the sight glass free of bubble | | | | |
| INSULATION | .d0 | YES | NO | | | |
| Are Liquid lines fully insulate | | Are the COOLER and FREEZER fans at proper speeds? | | | | |
| YES | NO tod2 | YES | NO | | | |
| Are Suction lines fully insular YES | NO | Check system for refrigerant le | • | | | |
| SETTINGS | IVU | COOLER, FREEZER, CONDENSII PIPING? | NG UNIT OF INTERCONNECTING | | | |
| Check Heatcraft Quick Response | onse Controller board settings for | YES | NO | | | |
| the following: | · · | Check system piping for unusu | | | | |
| FREEZER | | any unusual vibration or noise on the COOLER, FREEZER, | | | | |
| Refrigerant Type R404A | | CONDENSING UNIT or INTERCONNECTING PIPING? | | | | |
| Box Setpoint Temp. | -10°F. | YES | NO | | | |
| Superheat | 7°F. | Start the FREEZER only. Does to | he compressor start and | | | |
| No. of Defrost / Day | ddf=yes | evaporator fans run for this FRI | EEZER? | | | |
| Defrost End Temp. | 65°F. | YES | NO | | | |
| COOLER | | | | | | |
| Refrigerant Type R22 | | | | | | |
| Box Setpoint Temp. | 35°F. | | | | | |
| Superheat | 7°F. | | | | | |
| No. of Defrost/Day | 2 | | | | | |

Defrost End Temp.

50°F.



Freezer discharge temp.

Service Record

Hz

<u>L</u>3

<u>L3</u>

RECORD OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE °F SYSTEM VOLTAGE Volts _PH Cooler compressor amps ____L1 _L2 _L1 L2 Freezer compressor amps _PSIG Cooler discharge pressure Freezer discharge pressure _PSIG Cooler suction pressure **PSIG** _PSIG Freezer suction pressure Cooler suction temp. _°F Freezer suction temp. Cooler refrigerant charge _lbs. Freezer refrigerant charge _lbs. °F Cooler compressor superheat ___°F Freezer compressor superheat _°F Cooler evaporator superheat °F Freezer evaporator superheat °F Cooler discharge temp.

°F





Heatcraft Refrigeration Products, LLC 2175 West Park Place Blvd., Stone Mountain, GA 30087 www.heatcraftrpd.com

Customer Service and Technical Support

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After Hours (after 5:00 PM EDT, weekends and holidays) (855) 883-1036

Since product improvement is a continuing effort, we reserve the right to make changes in specifications without notice.

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